

WP 7 – LONGITUDINAL SURVEY ANALYSIS AMONG FORCED MIGRANTS

The aim of this WP is to disentangle the **contextual factors driving recent migration movements from the perspective of forced migrants on micro levels, both in terms of pushing and pulling factors**. A quantitative survey will be conducted to support the micro-level dimensions of the study (specifically WPs 2–5). Thus, through the survey we will gather information about refugee/migrants' norms, values, attitudes, strategies and behaviours in terms of borders, refugee protection, reception, socio-economic, and socio-cultural integration (dependent variables). While collecting this data, we will take into account refugees/migrants' individual characteristics, such as gender, age, educational level, region, socioeconomic level, and religious affiliation (independent variables). The second main goal of the survey is to examine responses via the collection of longitudinal data (repeated measurements of individuals over time), in order to assess how their norms and values change as they adjust to new societies. We have a large enough sample to disentangle differences based on various characteristics, but we will also use follow-up samples for migrants. The survey will be conducted in Sweden (destination) and Turkey (transit) among Syrian refugees.

Deliverables

- Database with results of the first and second wave of the survey
- Integrated reports on longitudinal survey - First and second wave